Revision Date 26.02.2024 Issue Date 03.12.2014



SAFETY DATA SHEET BIOGASOLINE

This Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH). Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1. Product identifier Product name BIOGASOLINE
- 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
 Identified uses
 Used as fuel for spark ignited engines designed to operate on unleaded gas.
 Uses advised against
 Do not use as aircraft fuel, cleaning agents and solvents.
- 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

SupplierAkpet Akaryakıt Dağıtım A.Ş.Akatlar Mahallesi, Ebululla Mardin CaddesiNo: 22 Maya Park Tower I, 34335Beşiktaş / İstanbul / TurkeyTel: +90 212 376 66 00www.lukoil.com.tre-mail: info@lukoil.com.tr

Contact Person HSE Manager

1.4. Emergency telephone number

LUKOIL: +90 444 45 85 (7/24)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC No. 1272/2008 and SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical and Chemical Hazards	Flam. Liq. 1 - H224
Human health Hazards	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315; Muta. 1B - H340; Carc. 1A - H350; Repr. 2 - H361fd; STOT SE 3 - H336;
	Asp. Tox. 1 - H304
Environment Hazards	Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

The Full Text for all hazard statements are displayed in section 16.

2.2. Label elements

Signal Word

Content

Label In Accordance With (EC) No. 1272/2008





This Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH). Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

Hazard Statements

H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

latonito	
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260	Do not breathe vapours.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves.
P301+312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P370+378	In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder for extinction.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.
RCH002	Restricted to professional users.

2.3. Other hazards

Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause drowsiness, dizziness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. In case of prolonged inhalation may occur unconsciousness. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause redness, itching, irritation, eczema/cracking and oily acnes. Components of the product may be absorbed through the skin into the body. May cause damage to the liver. Suspected cancer risk. Flowing droplets of the product if inhaled when descending into the stomach or vomiting pass into the lungs can cause serious chemical lung inflammation.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Not applicable.

3.2. Mixtures

Name	EC No.	CAS No.	Content	Classification (EC 1272/2008)
Gasoline; Low Boiling Point Naphtha - Unspecified	289-220-8	86290-81-5	95-99%	Flam. Liq. 1 - H224 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Muta. 1B - H340 Carc. 1B - H350 Repr. 2 - H361fd STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411
Ethanol	200-578-6	64-17-5	1-5%	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225
tert-butyl methyl ether synonym: 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane	216-653-1	1634-04-4	1-5%	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315
Benzene	200-753-7	71-43-2	<1%	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319



This Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH). Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

Muta. 1B - H340
Carc. 1A - H350
STOT RE 1 - H372
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

The Full Text for all hazard statements are displayed in section 16.

Composition Comments

The data shown are in accordance with the latest EC Directives.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Inhalation

Move into fresh air and keep at rest. Rinse nose and mouth with water. If necessary, should be applied artificial respiration and heart massage. If there should be given oxygen. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Ingestion

Immediately rinse mouth. Keep person under observation. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low. Transport immediately to hospital and bring along these instructions.

Skin contact

Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Wash off promptly and flush contaminated skin with water. Promptly remove clothing if soaked through and flush skin with water. Large quantities: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush skin thoroughly with water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact

Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Inhalation: Upper respiratory irritation, cough. Headache. Dizziness.Ingestion: Nausea, vomiting, diarrhea. Headache. Dizziness.Skin contact: May cause redness and irritation.Fue contact: Discrete contact
- **Eye contact** : Eye irritation, redness, lacrimation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treat Symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media

Use: Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Dry chemicals, sand, earth, water mist. **Unsuitable extinguishing media** DO NOT use water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Vapor is heavier than air so that it can leaking to sewer system and may reach to further ignition sources.



This Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH). Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

Specific hazards

Result of thermal decomposition may occur fume, carbon oxides and organic compounds with low molecular weight compounds which are not yet considered. Sulfur oxides (SOx). Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Dike and collect extinguishing water.

Keep away all non-emergency personnel from fire area.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Fires in enclosed places should be extinguished by trained personnel wearing protective clothing and an oxygen mask.

Protective equipment for fire-fighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

Do not smoke, use open fire or other sources of ignition (cigarette, portable electrical devices such as battery-operated flashlight, radio, mobile phone). Immediately shut the devices in the environment which can cause sparkles. Provide adequate ventilation. In case of spills, beware of slippery floors and surfaces.

If a gasoline leak is detected in a closed environment, immediately ventilate the environment by opening doors and windows. In the shutter or installation

Cut off the gasoline flow by closing the valves. Continue ventilation until the smell of gasoline disappears.

If a gasoline leak is detected in an open environment, keep away all kinds of objects that may cause ignition and sparks, and prohibit the entry of motor vehicles into the vicinity of the leak. Try to shut off the flow of gasoline through a suitable valve. Evacuate the environment. Depending on the direction of the wind, the spread of leakage can be prevented by spraying water with a fog nozzle and creating a curtain.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.

Vapor is heavier than air so that it can leaking to sewer system and may reach to further ignition sources. Inform the relevant authorities in case of seepage large quantity into water resources.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Keep all ignition sources away from spilled material. Absorb spilled product such as vermiculite, sand or (without absorbing water) suitable non-combustible, absorbing materials and place a container for later disposal.

Spilled liquid will evaporate completely in enclosed area so that adequate ventilation must be done and should be entered with protective clothing after measurement.

Large spills should be extinguished by using foam and must remain in foam cover until danger is over.

Recollecting the spilled product should be done by qualified personnel.

Barrier should be used to prevent the spread when poured into water and product should be recollected on the water surface.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8. See section 11 for additional information on health hazards. For waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Use appropriate goggles and gloves. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Container must be kept tightly closed. It should not be drawn into mouth.



This Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH). Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tightly closed original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Protect against physical damage and/or friction.

It should be stored in tanks designing according to the product. If the product contacts with hot surfaces there are ignition or explosion hazards. Storage tanks should be labeled and should be kept closed when out of use.

Do not remove the warning signs since some products may be present in empty tanks.

Despite the possibility of the empty tanks containing product vapor should not be done cutting, welding, soldering processes. If the concentration of hydrocarbon vapor is more than 1%, oxygen concentration is less than 20% in the tank should not be entered without oxygen mask.

There is possibility of ignition vapour of product are collected in the storage tanks. Therefore, static electricity must be discharged. Measures should be taken against the igniton source while filling and discharge.

Equipments such as pumps etc. must be earthed or transmission cables must be connected each other by a cable to avoid accumulation of static electricity.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Name	STD	TWA - 8 Hrs		TWA - 8 Hrs STEL - 15 Mi		Notes
Ethanol	WEL	1000 ppm	1920 mg/m³			
Benzene	ACGIH	0.5 ppm		2.5 ppm		
Gasoline; Low Boiling Point Naphtha - Unspecified	ACGIH	300 ppm		500 ppm		

ACGIH = American Conference of Industrial Hygienists

DNEL Values - Gasoline

Workers, long-term, systemic effects, Inhalation	1286.4 mg/m ³
Workers, long-term, local effects, Inhalation	837.5 mg/m ³
Workers, short-term, systemic effects, Inhalation	1066.67 mg/m ³
General population, long-term, systemic effects, Inhalation	1152 mg/m ³
DNEL Values - Ethanol	
Workers, long-term, systemic effects, Inhalation	380 mg/m³
Workers, long-term, systemic effects, Dermal	8238 mg/kg bw/day
General population, long-term, systemic effects, Inhalation	114 mg/m ³
PNEC Values - Ethanol	
Fresh water: 0.96 mg/l	
Marine water: 0.79 mg/l	
STP: 580 mg/l	
Sediment (fresh water): 3.6 mg/kg	
Sediment (marine water): 2.9 mg/kg	
Soil: 0.63 mg/kg	
Secondary poisoning (oral): 0.38 g/kg food	
DNEL Values - Tert-butylmethylether	
Workers, long-term, systemic effects, Inhalation	178.5 mg/m ³
Workers, long-term, local effects, Inhalation	357 mg/m ³
Workers, long-term, systemic effects, Dermal	5100 mg/kg bw/day
	5/13
	5/15



This Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH). Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

53.6 mg/m³

214 mg/m³

General population, long-term, systemic effects, Inhalation General population, long-term, local effects, Inhalation General population, long-term, systemic effects, Dermal General population, long-term, systemic effects, Oral

PNEC Values - Tert-butylmethylether

Fresh water	: 5.1 mg/l
Marine water	: 0.26 mg/l
STP	: 71 mg/l
Sediment (fresh water)	: 23 mg/kg
Sediment (marine water)	: 1.17 mg/kg
Soil	: 1.56 mg/kg

DNEL Values - Benzene

Workers, long-term, systemic effects, Inhalation General population, long-term, systemic effects, Inhalation

PNEC Values - Benzene

Fresh water	: 80 µg/L
Intermittent release	: 53 µg/L
Marine water	: 8 µg/L
Intermittent release	: 5.3 µg/L
STP	: 39 mg/l
Sediment (fresh water)	: 1.36 mg/kg
Sediment (marine water)	: 0.136 mg/kg
Soil	: 0.225 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Process conditions

Provide eyewash, quick drench.

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded.

Respiratory equipment

Appropriate respiratory equipment should be used when the possibility of exposure to hydrocarbon vapor. Masks in accordance with EN138, EN141.

Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves. Gloves in accordance with EN374. Nitrile, neoprene gloves are recommended. The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier, who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

Eye protection

Wear approved safety goggles. Goggles in accordance with EN166 standard.

7.1 mg/kg bw/day

3570 mg/kg bw/day

0.8 mg/m³ 0.14 mg/m³



This Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH). Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

Hygiene measures

Promptly remove non-impervious clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after contact. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated.

Skin protection

Protective clothing should be worn. Anti-static and flame-retardant protective clothing is recommended to wear.

Environmental Exposure Controls

Please act in accordance with local and national laws.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Identifier	Unit	Value	Test method
Appearance		Liquid	
Colour		Colorless	
Odour		Characteristic	
Odour threshold		No information available.	
pH value		No information available.	
Auto-ignition temperature		No information available.	
Melting point / freezing point		No information available.	
Viscosity		No information available.	
Initial boiling point and range		No information available.	
Evaporation rate		No information available.	
Upper/lower flammability		No information available.	
Flammability (solid,gas)		No information available.	
Density, 15 °C	kg/m ³	720-775	TS 1013 EN ISO 3675 TS EN ISO 12185
Flash Point	°C	<21	
Boiling point	°C	30 - 260	
Vapor pressure (RVP)	kPa	45 - 60 (Summer) 60-90 (Winter)	TS EN 13016-1
Aromatics	% volume	Max.35	TS EN ISO 22854 TS EN 15553
Vapor density		No information available.	
Relative density		No information available.	
Specific gravity		No information available.	
Solubility		No information available.	
Coefficient of dispersion: n-		No information available.	
octanol/water			
Decomposition temperature		No information available.	
Oxidizing properties		No information available.	
Explosive properties		No information available.	



This Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH). Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

Particle characteristics

Not applicable.

9.2. Other information

No information required.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Will not polymerise.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Should be kept away from sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials To Avoid

Avoid contact with strong reducing agent (oxidizing) and strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute Toxicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Benzene (CAS: 71-43-2)

Acute Toxic Dose 1 - LD505600 mg/kg (oral - rat)Acute Toxic Concentration - LC5016000 ppm/1h (inhalation - rat)

Gasoline (CAS: 86290-81-5)

Acute Toxic Dose 1 - LD50>5000 mg/kg (oral - rat)Acute Toxic Dose 2 - LD50>2000 mg/kg (dermal - rabbit)Acute Toxic Concentration - LC50> 5610 mg/m3 (inhalation - rat)

Ethanol (CAS: 64-17-5)

Acute Toxic Dose 1 - LD5010400 mg/kg (oral - rat)Acute Toxic Dose 2 - LD5015800 mg/kg (dermal - rat)Acute Toxic Concentration - LC5050000 mg/m3 (inhalation - rat)

Tert-butylmethylether (CAS: 1634-04-4)

Acute Toxic Dose 1 - LD50	>2000 mg/kg (oral - rat)
Acute Toxic Dose 2 - LD50	>2000 mg/kg (dermal - rat)
Acute Toxic Concentration - LC50	85000 mg/m3 (inhalation - rat)

Benzene (CAS: 71-43-2)

Acute Toxic Dose 1 - LD50>2000 mg/kg (oral - rat)Acute Toxic Dose 2 - LD508260 mg/kg (dermal - rabbit)Acute Toxic Concentration - LC5043767 mg/m3 (inhalation - rat)

8/13

Revision Date 26.02.2024 Issue Date 03.12.2014



SAFETY DATA SHEET BIOGASOLINE

This Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH). Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage / irritation

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. May cause irritation.

Skin and respiratory sensitivity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Can cause skin disorders like eczema (dermatitis). When exposed to sunlight, a photo-sensitivity can be developed as evidenced by the persistent repetition of a dermatic rash.

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Genotoxicity - In Vitro/ In Vivo May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity:

May cause cancer.

Reproductive Toxicity – Fertility/ Development

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure:

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure:

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Inhalation

In high concentrations, vapours may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.

Ingestion

It is harmful if swallowed in small doses. If swallowed a greater amount causes nausea and diarrhea. If exceed to lungs damages during vomiting

Skin contact

Irritant. May cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact

May cause temporary eye irritation. Visual disturbances including blurred vision. In case of accidentally eye contact causes temporary blindness.

11.2 Information on other hazards

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Spillages prevent the transfer of oxygen by forming a film layer on the water surface.



This Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH). Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

GASOLINE; LOW BOILING POINT NAPHTHA - UNSPECIFIED (CAS: 86290-81-5)

LC 50, 96 Hrs, Fish
LC 50, 96 Hrs, Fish
EC 50, 48 Hrs, Daphnia
EC 50, 72 Hrs, Algae

- 10 mg/lOncorhynchus mykiss8.2 mg/lPimephales promelas34 5 mg/lDaphnia magna
- 34.5 mg/l Daphnia magna 3.1 mg/l Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Etanol (CAS: 64-17-5)

LC 50, 96 Hrs, Fish EC 50 48 Hrs, Daphnia IC 50, 72 Hrs, Algae 11000 mg/lAlburnus alburnus3715-6772 mg/lS10 mg/lOthorella pyrenoidosa

Tert-butyl methyl ether (CAS: 1634-04-4)

LC50, 96 Hrs, Fish	672 mg/l	Pimephales promelas
LC50, 96 Hrs, Fish	574 mg/l	Pimephales promelas
NOEC, 21 Days, Fish	62 mg/l	Pimephales promelas
EC 50 48 Hrs, Daphnia	472 mg/l	Daphnia magna
NOEC, 21 Days, Daphnia	51 mg/l	Daphnia magna
EC 50,72 Hrs, Alg	491 mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Benzene (CAS: 71-43-2)

LC50, 96 Hrs, Fish	5.3 mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss
NOEC, 32 Days, Fish	0.8 mg/l	Pimephales promelas
EC 50 48 Hrs, Daphnia	10 mg/l	Daphnia magna
NOEC, 7 Days, Daphnia	3 mg/l	Ceriodaphnia dubia
EC 50,72 Hrs, Alg	100 mg/l	Selenastrum capricornutum

12.2. Persistence and degradability

This product is soluble in the soil without harming the environment.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Product is insoluble in water. Product spreads on water when certain components collapsed on the water system. Volatile components of the product will be dispersed into the atmosphere.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain any endocrine disrupting substance.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Oil spill is generally hazardous for the environment. Volatile components in the product have the photochemical ozone formation potential.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General information

Disposed of as hazardous waste. Waste must be treated as the product itself.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Empty containers, dispose of waste and residues in accordance with legislation of the local authority. Environmental manager must be informed of all major spillages.

10/13

Revision Date 26.02.2024 Issue Date 03.12.2014



SAFETY DATA SHEET BIOGASOLINE

This Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH). Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

Make sure containers are empty before discarding. Empty containers must not be burned because of explosion hazard. Please recycle empty pack in accordance with legislation of the local authority. Do not re-use empty containers. Some products may remain in empty containers. Do not perform heat treatment without erased or removed danger signs or labels from empty containers.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

 14.1. UN number or ID number UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN) UN No. (IMDG) UN No. (ICAO) 14.2. UN proper shipping name Proper Shipping Name 	1203 1203 1203 GASOLINE
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID/ADN Class	3
ADR/RID/ADN Class	S Class 3: Flammable liquids.
ADR Label No.	3
IMDG Class	3
ICAO Class/Division	3
Transport Labels	0
14.4. Packing group ADR/RID/ADN Packing group IMDG Packing group	
ICAO Packing group	
14.5. Environmental hazards Environmentally Hazardous Substance/Marine Pollutant	
14.6. Special precautions for user	
EMS	F-E, S-E
ADR transport category	2
Emergency Action Code	3YE
Hazard No. (ADR)	33
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)
Limited quantities	1 L
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk accordin No data available.	g to IMO instruments



This Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH). Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.
- Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).
- EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.
- Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
- Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

Sevesso Directive

P5a	Low Tier: 10 tonnes	Upper Tier: 50 tonnes
E2	Low Tier: 200 tonnes	Upper Tier: 500 tonnes

Restrictions (Annex XVII Regulation 1907/2006)

Entry: 28, 29 (CAS: 86290-81-5), 5 (CAS: 71-43-2)

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations used in safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement on International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN: European Agreement on the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. RID: European Agreement on International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO-TI: Technical Specification for Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. TWA: Time weighted average ATE: Estimated value of acute toxicity EC No: European Community number CAS: Chemical Theory Service. LD50: Substance that causes 50% (half) death in the test animals group (Median Fatal Dose). LC50: Substance concentration causing 50% (half) death in the test animals group. EC50: Effective Concentration of the substance causing the maximum of 50%. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative. SEA: Classification, labeling, packaging regulation **DNEL: Derivative Inactive Level PNEC: Estimated Unaffected Concentration** BHOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

Information Sources

This SDS is written based on the information received from rawmaterial supplier. European Chemicals Agency (ECHA)

Revision Comments

Revised under current regulations.



This Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH). Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

Hazard Statements In Full

H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification procedures

Flam. Liq. 1 - H224	: Based on the test data.
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	: Calculation method.
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315	: Calculation method.
STOT SE 3 - H336	: Calculation method.
Muta. 1B - H340	: Calculation method.
Carc. 1A - H350	: Calculation method.
Repr. 2 - H361fd	: Calculation method.
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	: Calculation method.

Issued By

Bülent Özdemir / CRAD gbf@crad.com.tr

Issued Note

This SDS is prepared based on the information and documents received from product owner. CRAD or/and SDS author shall not be responsible for incorrect prepared of SDS and pecuniary loss or intangible damages because of deficient or wrong information and documents which comes from product owner.

Disclaimer

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.